

Plant Facts

Salvia 'Henry Duelberg' *Salvia farinacea*

Other Common Names: Mealy Blue Sage, Duelberg Sage, Mealy Sage



Photo: LizMoyer/CC BY-NC-SA/DentonCountyMGA

General Information

Texas Superstar plant. A native Texas plant, the Henry Duelberg Salvia is a variety of the mealy cup or blue sage and is a perennial native plant of South and Central Texas. It is known for its low maintenance and heat, drought, and humidity tolerance. A growing favorite of Texas native plant gardens, plant this gem in the rear of flower beds due to its three-foot height and width. It grows thicker and will flower better in fall if cut back in mid-summer. It is a hardy plant through Zone 7.

Characteristics

Hardiness Zones: 7-10

Heat Tolerance: High

Size: 3 feet tall by 3 feet wide at maturity.

Flowers: Medium dark blue spike flowers on tall stems; less flowering during height of summer.

Bloom time: Spring through fall.

Leaves: Serrated grey-green, medium size leaves

Pests and Disease Problems

Generally, disease resistant. None known.

HENRY DUELBERG SALVIA

Salvia farinacea



Native Perennial



Full Sun



Pollinator



Water: Low, very drought tolerant

2-3' Tall / Wide Color: Blue Spikes

Grown by a Denton County Master Gardener

Plant Care

Prefers well drained soil, full sun and is drought tolerant once established. Water regularly until established, then once a week through the height of summer if weekly rainfall is less than one inch. Deadheading spent blooms will help produce more flowers. Maintain two inches of mulch. Cut to ground after first frost and mulch over for winter. The plant will reseed itself after established and seedlings are easily transplanted to other areas in the garden.

Warning

None

Sources for Additional Information

Lady Bird Johnson Wildflower Center. [Salvia farinacea](#)

Missouri Botanical Garden. [Salvia farinacea](#)

Texas SmartScape. [Sage, Henry Duelberg](#)

Texas Superstar. ['Henry Duelberg' Salvia](#)